

Issue Date 23-Sep-2014

Revision Date 30-Jul-2018

Version 2

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### Product identifier

**Product Name** Red Lead

### Other means of identification

**UN/ID No.** 3077

**Synonyms** Red Lead Grades 25%, 75%, 85%, 95%, 97%, 98% and 99%. Includes UHP and oil treated products.

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended Use** Not available.

**Uses Advised Against** Not available.

### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### **Manufacturer Address**

Hammond Lead Products  
Hammond Plant  
Hammond Group, Inc.  
2308 165th Street  
Hammond, IN 46323

Hammond Lead Products  
Pottstown Plant  
Hammond Group, Inc.  
10 South Grosstown Road  
Pottstown, PA 19464

### Emergency telephone number

**Company Phone Number** 219-845-0031

**24 Hour Emergency Phone Number** Chemtrec (US): 1-800-424-9300.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Classification

#### **Health Hazards**

Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1

#### **Physical Hazards**


Not classified.

#### **OSHA Regulatory Status**

This product is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard/Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS); (29 CFR 1910.1200; Revision 3).

**Label elements**

**Emergency Overview**

<b>Danger</b>		
<b>Hazard Statements</b>		
May cause cancer.		
May damage fertility or the unborn child.		
May cause harm to breast-fed children.		
Causes damage to central nervous system, blood formation and kidneys and cardiovascular system through prolonged or repeated exposure		
		
<b>Appearance</b> Not available.	<b>Physical State</b> Powder.	<b>Odor</b> Not available.

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- Obtain special instructions before use.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Use personal protective equipment as required.
- Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
- Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.
- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

**Precautionary Statements - Response**

- If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
- If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
- Rinse mouth.

**Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up.

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal facility.

**Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)**

May be irritating to skin.

**Other information**

Not available.

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

<b>Common name</b>	Red Lead.
<b>Synonyms</b>	Red Lead Grades 25%, 75%, 85%, 95%, 97%, 98% and 99%. Includes UHP and oil treated products.

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
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Lead Tetraoxide	1314-41-6	20-100
Lead Monoxide/Litharge	1317-36-8	0-70

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### First aid measures

<b>Eye Contact</b>	In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with fresh water for at least 15 minutes while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses if worn. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Do not rub affected area.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. If conscious, have victim clear nasal passages.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Seek immediate medical attention. Rinse mouth. Drink plenty of water. Induce vomiting, but only if victim is fully conscious.

##### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>Symptoms</b>	Symptoms of chronic lead poisoning include an ashen skin color, premature aging, lack of appetite, cramping abdominal pain (LEAD COLIC), headache, constipation, muscle weakness, peripheral motor-neuropathy, anemia, hypertension, and irreversible kidney damage.
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##### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<b>Note to Physicians</b>	Treat symptomatically.
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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

##### Suitable extinguishing media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

<b>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Unknown.
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##### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

May give off toxic fumes in a fire, including lead fumes.

<b>Hazardous Combustion Products</b>	Lead oxides.
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##### Explosion data

<b>Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact</b>	None known.
<b>Sensitivity to Static Discharge</b>	None known.

##### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

##### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of dusts. Avoid creating dust. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
<b>For emergency responders</b>	Wear respiratory protection. Wear proper personal protective equipment (gloves and

goggles). Wear appropriate outer garment to protect clothing.

### Environmental precautions

**Environmental Precautions** Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, surface drainage systems and poorly ventilated areas.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for Containment** Avoid creating dust. Safely stop source of spill. Restrict non-essential personnel from area. All personnel involved in spill cleanup should avoid skin and eye contact by wearing appropriate personal protection equipment. Do not breathe dust.

**Methods for Cleaning Up** Avoid dust formation. Clean up dusts with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filtered vacuum equipment or by wet cleaning.

**Prevention of secondary hazards** Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

**Advice on Safe Handling** Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Avoid generation of dust. Be familiar with the requirements set forth in the OSHA Lead Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1025.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage Conditions** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

**Incompatible materials** Hydrogen peroxide, strong oxidizing agents and acids.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

**Exposure Guidelines** This product, as supplied, contains the following hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region-specific regulatory bodies.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Lead Tetraoxide 1314-41-6	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Pb	TWA: 50 µg/m <sup>3</sup> Pb	IDLH: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Pb TWA: 0.050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Pb
Lead Monoxide/Litharge 1317-36-8	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Pb	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Pb	IDLH: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Pb TWA: 0.050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Pb

### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering Controls** Use contained process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to maintain aerosols below the exposure limit.  
If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/Face Protection** Use safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles.

**Skin and Body Protection** Protective clothing is required if exposure exceeds the PEL or TLV or where possibility of skin or eye irritation exists. Full body cotton or disposable coveralls and disposable gloves should be worn during use and handling. Clothing should be left at work site and be properly disposed of or laundered after use. The wash water should be disposed of in

accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Personal clothing should be protected from contamination.

**Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls cannot maintain airborne concentrations below exposure limits, use appropriate, approved respiratory protection (a 42 CFR 84 Class N, R, or P-100 particulate filter cartridge). When exposure levels are unknown, a self-contained breathing apparatus which supplies a positive air pressure within a full face-piece mask should be worn. Utilization of respiratory equipment should be in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1025 and 29 CFR 1910.134.

**General Hygiene Considerations**

Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear disposable gloves and eye/face protection. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Physical State</b>	Powder.	<b>Odor</b>	Not available.
<b>Appearance</b>	Not available.	<b>Odor Threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>Color</b>	Bright red/orange		

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
pH	Not available.	
Melting Point/Freezing Point	>550 °C	
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	>550 °C	
Flash Point	Not available.	
Evaporation Rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Flammability Limit in Air		
Upper Flammability Limit:	Not available.	
Lower Flammability Limit:	Not available.	
Vapor Pressure	Not available.	
Vapor Density	Not available.	
Specific Gravity	Not available.	
Water Solubility	67.3-70.2 mg/L at 20°C	
Solubility in Other Solvents	Lead compounds, soluble in 0,07 M hydrochloric acid.	
Partition Coefficient	Not available.	
Autoignition Temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition Temperature	>550	
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable (solid)	
Dynamic Viscosity	Not available.	
Explosive Properties	Not considered to be explosive	
Oxidizing Properties	Not considered to be oxidizing	
<b><u>Other information</u></b>		
Softening Point	Not available.	
Molecular Weight	Not available.	
VOC Content (%)	Not available.	
Density	Not available.	
Bulk Density	Not available.	

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity**

Stable at normal conditions. No data available.

**Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**

None under normal processing.

**Hazardous Polymerization**

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from ignition sources including electrostatic charge, heat, sparks and flame.

**Incompatible materials**

Hydrogen peroxide, strong oxidizing agents and acids.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

Lead oxide fumes.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Acute Toxicity****Component Information**

Inorganic lead compounds are slowly absorbed by ingestion and inhalation and poorly absorbed through the skin. If absorbed, lead will accumulate in the body with low rates of excretion, leading to long-term build up. Part of risk management is to take blood samples from workers for analysis to ensure that exposure levels are acceptable.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Intravenous LD50
Lead Tetraoxide 1314-41-6	> 10000 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	-	-
Lead Monoxide/Litharge 1317-36-8	> 10000 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 5 mg/L/4 hr ( Rat )	-

**Information on toxicological effects****Symptoms**

Symptoms of chronic lead poisoning include an ashen skin color, premature aging, lack of appetite, cramping abdominal pain (LEAD COLIC), headache, constipation, muscle weakness, peripheral motor-neuropathy, anemia, hypertension, and irreversible kidney damage.

**Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure****Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Studies of lead monoxide and similar compounds have shown that sparingly soluble inorganic lead compounds are not corrosive or irritating to the skin of rabbits. This is supported by the lack of reports of irritant effects from occupational settings. No symptoms of respiratory irritation were noted in rats during long-term inhalation studies involving lead monoxide.

**Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation**

Studies of lead monoxide and lead tetraoxide have shown that sparingly soluble inorganic lead compounds are not corrosive or irritating to the eyes of rabbits.

**Sensitization**

There is no evidence that lead monoxide or similar sparingly soluble inorganic lead compounds cause respiratory or skin sensitization.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

The evidence for genotoxic effects of highly soluble inorganic lead compounds is contradictory, with numerous studies reporting both positive and negative effects. Responses appear to be induced by indirect mechanisms, mostly at very high concentrations that lack physiological relevance.

**Carcinogenicity**

An inhalation study of lead monoxide in rats showed that it did not induce, initiate or promote tumors of the lung. However, there is evidence that soluble lead compounds may have a carcinogenic effect, particularly on the kidneys of rats. However, the mechanisms by which this effect occurs are still unclear. Epidemiology studies of workers exposed to inorganic lead compounds have found a limited association with stomach cancer. This has

led to the classification by IARC that inorganic lead compounds are probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A). There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of inorganic lead compounds.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Lead Tetraoxide 1314-41-6	A3	Group 2A	Reasonably Anticipated	X
Lead Monoxide/Litharge 1317-36-8	A3	Group 2A	Reasonably Anticipated	X

**Reproductive Toxicity**

Exposure to high levels of lead monoxide may cause adverse effects on male and female fertility, including adverse effects on sperm quality. Prenatal exposure to lead and its compounds is also associated with adverse effects on fetal development.

**STOT - Single Exposure**

Lead monoxide and sparingly soluble inorganic lead compounds have been found to be of relatively low acute toxicity by ingestion, in contact with skin, and by inhalation, with no evidence of any local or systemic toxicity from such exposures.

**STOT - Repeated Exposure**

Lead monoxide and other inorganic lead compounds are cumulative poisons and may be absorbed into the body through ingestion or inhalation. Inorganic lead compounds have been documented in observational human studies to produce toxicity in multiple organ systems and body function including the hematopoietic (blood) system, kidney function, reproductive function and the central nervous system. Postnatal exposure to lead compounds is associated with impacts on neurobehavioral development in children.

**Chronic Toxicity**

Lead is a cumulative poison. Increasing amounts of lead can build up in the body and may reach a point where symptoms and disabilities occur. Continuous exposure may result in decreased fertility. May cause adverse kidney effects.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Due to the physical form of the product, it is not an aspiration hazard.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product contains a chemical which is listed as a marine pollutant according to DOT.

**Ecotoxicity**

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Lead Tetraoxide 1314-41-6		56000: 96 h <i>Gambusia affinis</i> mg/L LC50 static 0.041-0.810: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> , <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> mg/L LC50 (pH 5.5-6.5) 0.052-3.60: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> , <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> mg/L LC50 (pH >6.5-7.5) 0.114-3.25: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> , <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> mg/L LC50 (pH >7.5-8.5)		0.074-0.656: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> , <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> mg/L LC50 (pH 5.5-6.5) 0.029-1.18: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> , <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> mg/L LC50 (pH >6.5-7.5) 0.026-3.12: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> , <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> mg/L LC50 (pH >7.5-8.5)
Lead Monoxide/Litharge 1317-36-8	0.072-0.388: 72 h <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> , <i>Chlorella kesslerii</i> mg/L ErC50 (pH 5.5-6.5) 0.026-0.080: 72 h <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> , <i>Chlorella kesslerii</i> mg/L ErC50 (pH >6.5-7.5) 0.021-0.050: 72 h	0.298: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> mg/L LC50 static 0.041-0.810: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> , <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> mg/L LC50 (pH 5.5-6.5) 0.052-3.60: 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i> , <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> mg/L LC50 (pH >6.5-7.5) 0.114-3.25: 96 h <i>Pimephales</i>		0.074-0.656: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> , <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> mg/L LC50 (pH 5.5-6.5) 0.029-1.18: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> , <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> mg/L LC50 (pH >6.5-7.5) 0.026-3.12: 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> , <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> mg/L LC50 (pH >7.5-8.5)

	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Chlorella kesslerii mg/L ErC50 (pH <7.5-8.5)	promelas, Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 (pH >7.5-8.5) 56000: 96 h Gambusia affinis mg/L LC50 static		
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**Persistence and degradability**

Not readily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulation**

While lead metal and its compounds are generally insoluble, its processing or extended exposure in aquatic and terrestrial environments may lead to the release of lead in bioavailable forms. Lead compounds are not particularly mobile in the aquatic environment, but can be toxic for organisms, especially fish, at low concentrations. Water hardness, pH and dissolved organic carbon content are factors which regulate the degree of toxicity. In soil, lead and lead compounds are generally not very bioavailable.

**Mobility**

Lead and lead compounds will partially settle out due to their fairly low solubility and partially dissolve. In soil, lead and lead compounds are generally not very mobile or bioavailable, as they can be strongly absorbed on soil particles, increasingly over time. It also forms complexes with organic matter and clay minerals that limit its mobility. When released into the soil, this material is not expected to leach into groundwater.

**Other adverse effects**

Not available.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste treatment methods****Disposal of Wastes**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

This product contains the following substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Lead Tetraoxide 1314-41-6	Toxic
Lead Monoxide/Litharge 1317-36-8	Toxic

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**Note:**

This product is not regulated for domestic transport by land, air or rail. Under 49 CFR 171.8, individual packages that contain lead metal (<100 micrometers) below the reportable quantity (RQ) are not regulated. Under 49 CFR 171.4, except when transporting aboard a vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packaging transported by motor vehicles, rail cars and aircrafts.

**DOT****Proper shipping name**

RQ, Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Solid, N.O.S (Lead)

**Hazard Class**

9

**Packing Group**

III

**Reportable Quantity (RQ)**

10 lbs

**Marine pollutant**

This product contains a chemical which is listed as a marine pollutant according to DOT.

**Emergency Response Guide Number**

NAERG-171



**TDG**

<b>UN/ID No.</b>	3077
<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Solid, N.O.S. (Lead)
<b>Hazard Class</b>	9
<b>Packing Group</b>	III

<b>15. REGULATORY INFORMATION</b>
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**US Federal Regulations****SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Lead Tetraoxide - 1314-41-6	1314-41-6	20-100	0.1
Lead Monoxide/Litharge - 1317-36-8	1317-36-8	0-70	0.1

**SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories**

<b>Acute Health Hazard</b>	Yes
<b>Chronic Health Hazard</b>	Yes
<b>Fire Hazard</b>	No
<b>Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard</b>	No
<b>Reactive Hazard</b>	No

**CWA (Clean Water Act)**

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Lead Tetraoxide 1314-41-6		X		
Lead Monoxide/Litharge 1317-36-8		X		

**CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

**US State Regulations****California Proposition 65**

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Lead Tetraoxide - 1314-41-6	Developmental
Lead Monoxide - 1317-36-8	Developmental

**U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations**

This product contains the following substances regulated by state right-to-know regulations.

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Lead Tetraoxide 1314-41-6	X	X	
Lead Monoxide/Litharge	X	X	

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1317-36-8			
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**U.S. EPA Label Information**

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable.

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Issue Date	23-Sep-2014
Revision Date	28-Jul-2018
Revision Note	Changes in Section 2, 4, 7, 9 and 11.

**Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**